

# Fundamentals of Programing 2

## Project

### 1. Introduction

In this document, the rules and terms of the assessment of a project are presented. It is also published on Achilles portal (<https://achilles.tu.kielce.pl>).

### 2. Contact

- Stationary, during the classes or consultation hours.
- Via WebEx, during the consultations. The schedule of consultations and link to a WebEx room are published on the Achilles portal.
- Via email: [l.ciopinski@tu.kielce.pl](mailto:l.ciopinski@tu.kielce.pl)

### 3. Teams

- All students are split into working groups (depending of number of students, into two-person and/or three-person groups).
- Information about members of each group and the chosen project topic should be sent to the teaching assistant via email to: [l.ciopinski@tu.kielce.pl](mailto:l.ciopinski@tu.kielce.pl) by the end of March at latest. Each group receives a reply about accepting or rejecting the topic. Each topic could be chosen by only one group.
- Failure to submit requested information before the deadline will result in negative note for the course.

### 4. Project Results

- A program written in C language (neither C++ nor C#) together with its source code
- The project report, which should contain:
  - Topic and its number
  - An abstract - very short (a few sentences) description of the project. Using any AI tools here is strong prohibited!
  - Information, what has been accomplished.
  - Information, what has not been accomplished and why.
  - Bibliography (also links to websites)
- additional, items which are necessary to run the project (if applicable)



# "Algorithms + Data Structures = Programs"

-Niklaus Wirth



## 5. Evaluation of a project

- The finished project should be sent to the teaching assistant at least 4 days before the last classes.
- The Project evaluation will be based on:
  - program features (its accordance with the topic)
  - a source code quality
  - a performance and a stability of the program

## 7. Topics

1. Travelling Salesman Problem  
Finding a solution using The nearest neighbour algorithm. A list of cities and distance between them should be read from a file.  
Three-person group: Cost of transport from city A to B is different than from city B to A.
2. Equation Calculator  
A calculator which input is an equation. The equation contains digits, brackets "(" and operators "+, -, \*, /, ^(power)". TIP: Use Reverse Polish notation (RPN) to solve a problem with brackets.  
Two-person group could omit operators: „/” and „^”.  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reverse\\_Polish\\_notation](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reverse_Polish_notation)
3. Vigenère cipher  
Write a program that could encrypts and decrypts a text file using Vigenère cipher.  
Three-person group should service a file which contains uppercase, lowercase, digits and special characters, like space, !@#\$..

4. An escape from a labyrinth  
Using the A\* algorithm, find the shortest way from a selected place in labyrinth to the exit.  
Three-person group: Store the escape path with map to a file.
5. Homophonic Substitution Cipher  
Use Homophonic Substitution cipher to encrypt and decrypt a text file. A three-person group should implement an algorithm which uses uppercase and lowercase letters and special characters, like space, !@#\$.  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Substitution\\_cipher#Homophonic\\_substitution](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Substitution_cipher#Homophonic_substitution)
6. Book cipher  
Write a program that could encrypts and decrypts a text file using Book cipher.  
Three-person group should service a file which contains uppercase, lowercase, digits and special characters, like space, !@#\$.  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Book\\_cipher](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Book_cipher)
7. Address Book  
Write a program that collects contact data (eg. name, surname, phone number, addresses etc.). Accessing to the program should require a user id and password. The program should allow the user to edit the collected data (add, modify or delete) and search information.  
Three-person group should allow to search information according to given pattern, eg. A\* = Adam, Ann ('\*' means any substring, '?' means any character)
8. Library System  
Write a program that collects data about books and its borrower (eg. user name and surname, an author and title of a book, time to return). Accessing to the program should require a librarian id and password. The program should allow the user to edit the collected data (add, modify or delete) and search information.  
Three-person group should allow to search information according to given pattern, eg. A\* = Atlas, Almanac ('\*' means any substring, '?' means any character)
9. System for Car Rental  
Write a program that collects data about cars and its users (eg. user name and surname, a car brand, time to return, cost, etc.). Accessing to the program should require a staff member id and password. The program should allow the user to edit the collected data (add, modify or delete) and search information.  
Three-person group should allow to search information according to given pattern, eg. P\* = Polonez, Panda ('\*' means any substring, '?' means any character)
10. Warehouse System  
Write a program that collects data about goods and their quantity in a warehouse.  
Accessing to the program should require a staff member id and password. The program should allow the user to edit the collected data (add, modify or delete) and search information.

Three-person group should allow to search information according to given pattern, eg.  
w\* = wheel, workout equipment ('\*' means any substring, '?' means any character)

11. Ticket Selling Support System

Write a program that collects data about tickets and their quantity. Accessing to the program should require a staff member id and password. The program should allow the user to edit the collected data (add buyers, modify owner or delete - ticket return) and search information.

Three-person group should allow to manage more than one ticket.

12. System for Bike rental

Write a program that collects data about bikes and its users (eg. biker name and surname, a bike brand, a bike type, time to return, cost, etc.). Accessing to the program should require a staff member login and password. The program should allow the user to edit the collected data (add, modify or delete) and search information.

Three-person group should allow to search information according to given pattern, eg.  
\*s = Kross, NS Bikes ('\*' means any substring, '?' means any character)

13. Timetable planner

Write a program that support building a timetable at an university. To put a classes at selected timeblock, you have to choose a group, a teacher and a classroom. If any of them has assigned different activity, your program should not to allow to put the new activity. Lists of groups, teachers and classrooms should be read from a file.

Three-person team: View of timetable for selected group, teacher or classroom should be exported to a file. The program should be able to read and write a prepared timetable.

14. Booking a doctor's appointment

Write a program that support booking a doctor's appointment. The program should allow to store information about a doctor and doctor's office availability. The user should be able to add information about arranged appointment with patient.

Three-person team: View of schedule for doctors and offices should be exported to a file. The program should be able to read and write a prepared schedule.

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20. "OPEN" (not only one team can choose)

Any topics proposed by students and accepted by the teaching assistant.